

Departure: Every Sunday

CW7 7 Days Taipei • Shihfen • Sky Lantern • Alishan • Kaohsiung Ten

Trum • Tainan Capital City • Sun Moon Lake • Taichung

DAY1: Taoyuan Airport/ Taipei



(Taipei Ferrary. Wonstar Ximen II or similar)



(X / X / X)

DAY2: Taipei/ National CKS Memorial Hall/ Shihfen-Release Sky Lantern/ Highway/ Chiayi/ Long Yun Farm-Stargaze. DIY Rice Cake



(Chiayi Long Yun Farm or similar)



(B / L / D)

**National CKS Memorial Hall:** This memorial hall was built in memory of Chiang Kai-shek, the first president of the Republic of China. The memorial hall is white with a blue roof, representing the dominant colors in the ROC flag. A bronze statue of Chiang looks west symbolically to the Presidential Office Building and mainland China.

**Shihfen Old Street:** It does boast the unique attribute of serving as the only old street in Taiwan, which trains pass through on a daily basis. As they happily enjoy gourmet snacking, visitors can enjoy the sight of trains passing along the unfenced railway gates.

DAY3: Chiayi/ Alishan National Forest Recreation Area-Sisters Lakes/ Kaohsiung/ Fo Guang Shan Buddha Memorial Center(change to Fo Guang Shan on TUE)/ The Pier-2 Art Center/ Night Market



(KHH International Citizen. Golden Pacific or similar)



(B / L / X)

**Alishan National Forest Recreation Area:** Alishan itself doesn't have a peak and it is actually composed of 18 mountains such as Jialun Mountain, Zhu Mountain, and Data Mountain etc. Alishan is famous for five wonders: the railway, forest, cloud sea, sunrise and sunset glow. The climate doesn't change much through the year, with the average temperature around 10C, and lows of -3 in winter. Cool in summer, it is good place to escape the heat of the lowlands.

**Fo Guang Shan Buddha Memorial:** The Buddha Museum was constructed with the intention of enshrining the Buddha's relic. The Sanskrit word "sarira" refers to the relics of a sage, which usually appear in crystalized form. The relic is perceived as a sign of the sage's spiritual cultivation over a lifetime.

**The Pier-2 Art Center:** It was once an abandoned and forgotten warehouse buried in history. However, with a group of persistent artist who injected waves of creativity and inspiration into the area, the Pier-2 area was released and re-born making the region a place where tourist and locals can come together to enjoy fine art. With the collision of an old area and new fine art, Pier-2 becomes an area of new vitality and liveliness.

DAY4: Kaohsiung/ Ciatou Sugar Factory/ Ten Trum Ciatou Creative Park/ Tainan/ Anping Old Street/ Anping Tree House. TAIT/ Chiayi/ Hinoki Village/ Night Market



(Chiayi Look. Sun Dialogue or similar)



(B / L / X)

**Qiaotou Sugar Factory:** Cane sugar is an important native product of Taiwan, For more than a decade from 1952 through 1964, sugar was Taiwan's leading export commodity and accounted for 74 percent of the nation's total foreign exchange earnings at its peak.

**Ten Trum:** It was established in October 2010, Ten Drum injection of drum music into new life in cultural heritage, Idle production of sugar warehouse space will be re-created, thus preserving the original appearance of Taiwan's sugar factory history.

**Anping Old Street:** It is right next to Anping Fort is the first road Dutch people constructed about three hundred years ago, also being called " the first street in Taiwan.

**Hinoki Village:** During the Japanese occupation, Hinokicho is based on Alishan Forestry Development established official quarters. Materials mostly because Ali cypress dominated the entire region just like juniper Kimura, it was therefore called "Hinokicho", which later changed its name to "Hui village."That the north is early Japanese grassroots group staff quarters, while the southern area is the senior levels of official residences.

**DAY5: Chiayi/ Highway/ Nantou/ Aboriginal Product Shop/ Sun Moon Lake-Taking a boat/ Wenwu Temple/Taiwanese tea center/ Taichung/ Night Market**



(Taichung Golden Pacific. CU or similar)



( B / L / X )

**Sun Moon Lake:** The Sun Moon Lake National Scenic Area is praised for its five major recreational systems. Divided by Lalu Island, the Sun Moon Lake scenic area got its name from the unique terrain that looked like a sun on one side and a crescent moon on the other. Crowned as one of the Eight Wonders of Taiwan. Sun Moon Lake is also the most famous source of hydroelectric power.

**Wenwu Temple:** The architecture of the temple has the palace style of northern China. It is a large and imposing structure.The bronze statue of a seated Confucius makes this also the only Confucius temple in Taiwan that contains an image of the sage.

**DAY6: Taichung/ Highway/ Taipei/ Vigor Kobo/ Martyrs Shrine/ Handicraft Center/ Taipei 101 Shopping District/ Ximen**



(Taoyuan Holiday Inn or Taipei or similar)



( B / L / X )

**Martyrs Shrine:** The shrine is dedicated to the 390,000 soldiers killed in the service of their country during the War of Resistance against Japan and the civil war between the Chinese Republican and communist forces. A major attraction at the shrine is the hourly ceremony for the changing of the honor guard in front of the main gate.

**Ximen:** It is the mecca for youth culture. From tatton street to Wannian Plaza accessory shops, cosplay to street dancing. Pop stars often come here for promotional events on weekends.

**DAY7: Hotel/ Taoyuan Airport**



( B / X / X )